



---

**PHYSICS**

**0625/51**

Paper 5 Practical Test

**May/June 2017**

MARK SCHEME

Maximum Mark: 40

---

**Published**

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2017 series for most Cambridge IGCSE<sup>®</sup>, Cambridge International A and AS Level and Cambridge Pre-U components, and some Cambridge O Level components.

© IGCSE is a registered trademark.

This syllabus is approved for use in England, Wales and Northern Ireland as a Cambridge International Level 1/Level 2 Certificate.

---

This document consists of **5** printed pages.

Question	Answer	Marks
1(a)	$l_0$ clearly shown	1
1(b)	Sensible value for $l_0$	1
	Remainder of values increasing	1
1(c)	Use of set square to line up with scale OR perpendicular viewing Scale close to / touching spring	1
1(d)	Graph:	
	Axes correctly labelled and right way round	1
	Suitable scales	1
	All plots correct to $\frac{1}{2}$ small square	1
	Good line judgement, thin, continuous line	1
1(e)	Expect NO. Line does not pass through origin	1
1(f)	Use of $2 \times l_0$ shown on graph	1
	$L$ correct to $\frac{1}{2}$ small square	1
	<b>Total:</b>	<b>11</b>

Question	Answer	Marks
2(a)	Sensible value for room temperature with unit °C	1
2(b)	Correct times	1
	Temperatures decreasing	1
	First temperature difference greater than second	1
	Consistent significant figures for temperatures in table	1
2(c)(i)	Both temperature differences correct	1
2(c)(ii)	Starting temperature closer to room temperature in the second case (or further from room temperature in the first case)	1
2(d)	Two from: Increase draught over surface of water Increase temperature of hot water Increase surface area of water Longer time intervals Decrease room temperature Decrease volume of water Use metal can instead of glass beaker	2
2(e)	Uses bottom of meniscus	1
	Perpendicular to reading	1
	<b>Total:</b>	<b>11</b>

Question	Answer	Marks
3(a)	Ray-Trace:	
	Normal in centre of AB and CD, on left, and FE at $30^\circ \pm 1^\circ$ to normal	1
	First P <sub>1</sub> P <sub>2</sub> distance at least 5 cm	1
	P <sub>3</sub> P <sub>4</sub> line correctly drawn to K	1
	All lines present in approximately correct positions and neat	1
3(b)	$\alpha$ correctly measured to $\pm 2^\circ$	1
	x correct to 2 mm	1
3(c)	$\alpha$ values 28–32 and 48–52	1
	Correct unit for x	1
3(d)	Statement matches readings (Expect YES)	1
	Justification to include the idea of within (or beyond, ecf) the limits of experimental accuracy	1
3(e)	Any one from: Large pin separation Ensure pins vertical View bases of pins Use thin pencil lines / thin pins	1
	<b>Total:</b>	<b>11</b>

Question	Answer	Marks
4	<b>MP1</b> Diagram showing power supply, ammeter, voltmeter and resistance wire correctly connected (variable resistor optional)	1
	<b>MP2</b> Correct symbols for ammeter and voltmeter. Variable resistor symbol correct if included.	1
	<b>MP3</b> Measure potential difference (voltage) and current and calculate resistance.	1
	<b>MP4</b> Repeat with other types of wire	1
	<b>MP5</b> Key variables length <u>and</u> diameter stated	1
	<b>MP6</b> One of: Repeat with different voltages (or currents). Repeat and take average of voltage and current readings. Repeat entire experiment with different length or different diameter. Use low current to prevent wire heating up. Keep temperature of wire constant. Use micrometer screw gauge to measure diameter / thickness of wire	1
	<b>MP7</b> Table with columns for type of wire, voltage, current, resistance with correct units (V, A and $\Omega$ )	1
	<b>Total:</b>	<b>7</b>